General Comments on Buffers

R Lundblad

Citation

R Lundblad. General Comments on Buffers. The Internet Journal of Genomics and Proteomics. 2006 Volume 2 Number 2.

Abstract

The major factor in biological pH control in eukaryotic cells is the carbon dioxoide-biocarbonate-carbonate buffer (Scheme I) system_{1,2,3,4}. There other biological buffers such as bulk protein and phosphate anions which can provide some buffering effect, metabolites such as lactic acid which can lower pH and tris(hydroxylmethylaminomethyl) methane, THAM®) has been used to treat acid base disorders₅,6,7. pH control in prokaryotic cells is mediated by membrane transport of various ions including hydrogen, potassium and sodium_{8,9,10}.

Figure 1

CO₂ + H₂O = H₂CO₃, H₂CO₃ + H₂O = HCO₃⁻¹ + H₃O⁺ (pKa 6.15); HCO₃⁻¹ + H₂O = CO₃⁻² (pKa 10.3)

See Jungas, R.L., Best literature values for the pK of carbonic and phosphoric acid under physiological

conditions, Anal. Blochem. 349, 1-15, 2006

In the laboratory, the bicarbonate/carbonate buffer system can only be used in the far alkaline range (pH 9-11) and unless "fixed" by a suitable cation such as sodium, can be volatile.

A variety of buffers, most notably the "Good" buffers which were developed by Norman Good and colleagues[[[10a]]], have been developed over the years to provide pH control in in vitro experiments. While effective in controlling pH, the numerous non-buffer effects that buffer salts have on

experimental systems are somewhat less appreciated. Some effects, such as observed with phosphate buffers, are based on biologically significant interactions with proteins and, as such, demonstrate specificity. Other effects, such as metal ion chelation, can be considered general. However, the binding of metal ions by a specific buffer must be carefully evaluated considering the recent controversy regarding the ability of MOPS buffer to bind magnesium ions,11. There are some effects where the stability of a reagent is dependent on both pH and buffer species. One example is provided by the stability of phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride(PMSF)₁₂. PMSF was less stable in Tris buffer than in either HEPES or phosphate buffer; PMSF is less stable in HEPES than in phosphate buffer. Activity was measured by the ability of PMSF to inhibit chymotrypsin; all activity was lost in Tris (10 mM; pH 7.5) after one hour at 25°C while activity was fully retained in phosphate (10 mM, pH 7.5). This is likely a reflection of the nucleophilic property of Tris_{13,14} which appears to be enhanced in the presence of divalent cations such as zinc₁₅. The loss of activity, presumably the result of the hydrolysis of the fluoride to hydroxyl function, is more marked at more alkaline pH. Tris can also function as phosphoacceptor in assays for alkaline phosphatase but was not as effective as 2-amino-2-methyl-1,3-propanediol₁₆. The various nitrogen-based buffers such as Tris, HEPES, CAP, and BICINE influence colorimetric protein assays 17,18,19.

Other specific examples are presented in Table 1.

Figure 2

Table 1: Effects of Buffers

Buffer	Observation
ACES	Competitive inhibitor of γ-aminobutyric aci
	receptor bindingl
ADA	Competitive inhibitor of γ-aminobutyric aci
	receptor bindingl; chelation of calcium ions
BES	Interacts with DNA yielding distortion of
	DNA electrophoretograms ³
BICINE	Chelation of calcium ions ² , protects liver
210212	alcohol dehydrogenase from inactivation by
	iodoacetic acid ⁴
70	
Borate	Anomalous complex formation with nucleic
	acids ⁵ ; complex formation with
	carbohydrates ^{6,7} ; participant in the
	modification of arginine residues by 1,2-
	cyclohexanedione ⁸ .
Cacodylic Acid	Reaction with sulfydryl compounds ⁹ .
Carbonate	Enhances rate of reaction of phenylglyoxal
	with arginine residues in proteins ¹⁰ ;
	modulation of peroxynitrite reactions with
	proteins ^{11, 12} ; modulation of Cu ^{2*} oxidation
	reactions13-15.
Citrate	Chelation of calcium ions ² .
HEPES	Free radical generation 16,17 and complexation
IIII III	of copper ions ¹⁸ , reported adverse effects in
	tissue culture ^{19,20}
MES	Complexes copper ions ²¹
MOPS	Adverse effect on smooth muscle
	contraction ²² ; Oxidation of metal ions ²² ;
	formation of nitric oxide donors on
	incubation with peroxynitrite ²⁴ ; slow
	reaction with hydrogen peroxide ²⁵ .
Phosphate	Catalysis of the racemization of 5-
	phenylhy dantoins ^{26,27}
PIPES	Binding to bile salt-stimulated lipase ²⁸ ;
	variation in physiological response based or
	vendor source ²⁹ ; inhibition of a K ⁺ -activated
	phosphatase ³⁰ .
TES	Interaction with extracellular matrices ³¹ ;
	inhibition of the interaction of proteoglycan
	with type 1 collagen ³² .
	Chelating agent ² ; tricine radicals have been
Tricine	
Tricine	reported in the presence of peroxide-forming
Tricine	reported in the presence of peroxide-forming enzymes ³³ .

References to Table 1

- 1. Tunnicliff, G. and Smith, J.A., Competitive inhibition of gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor binding by N-hydroxyethylepiperazine-N-2-ethanesulfonic acid and related buffers, J.Neurochem. 36, 1122-1126, 1981
- 2. Durham, A.C., A survey of readily available chelators for buffering calcium ion concentrations in physiological solutions, Cell Calcium 4, 33-46, 1983
- 3. Stellwagen, N.C., Bossi, A., Gelfi, C. and Righetti, P.G., DNA and buffers: Are there any noninteracting neutral pH buffers?, Anal.Biochem. 287, 167-175, 2000
- 4. Syvertsen, C. and McKinley-McKee, J.S., Affinity labelling of liver alcohol dehydrogenase. Effect of pH and buffers on affinity labelling with iodoacetic acid and (R,S)-2- bromo-3-(5-imidazolyl)propionic acid, Eur.J.Biochem. 117, 165-170, 1981
- 5. Biyani, M. and Nishigaki, K., Sequence-specific and nonspecific mobilities of single-stranded oligonucleotides observed by changing the borate buffer concentration, Electrophoresis 24, 628-633, 2003
- 6. Zittle, Z.A., Reaction of borate with substances of biological interest, Adv.Enzymol.Relat.Sub.Biochem. 12, 493-527, 1951
- 7. Weitzman, S., Scott, V., and Keegstra, K., Analysis of glycoproteins as borate complexes by polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, Anal.Biochem. 438-449, 1979
- 8. Patthy, L. and Smith, E.L., Reversible modification of arginine residues. Application to sequence studies by restriction of tryptic hydrolysis to lysine residues, J.Biol.Chem. 250, 557-564, 1975
- 9. Jacobson, K.B., Murphey, J.B., and Sarma, B.D., Reaction of cacodylic acid with organic thiols, FEBS Lett. 22, 80-82, 1972
- 10. Cheung, S.T. and Fonda, M.L., Reaction of phenylglyoxal with arginine. The effect of buffers and pH, Biochem.Biophys.Res.Commun. 90, 940-947, 1979
- 10a. Good, N.E., Winget, G.D., Winter, W., et al., Hydrogen ion buffers for biological research, Biochemistry 5, 467-477, 1966
- 11. Uppu, R.M., Squadrito, G.L., and Pryor, W.A., Acceleration of peroxynitrite oxidations by carbon dioxide, Arch.Biochem.Biophys. 327, 335-343, 1996

- 12. Denicola, A., Freeman, B.A., Trujillo, M., and Radi, R., Peroxynitrite reaction with carbon dioxide/bicarbonate: kinetics and influence on peroxynitrite-mediated oxidations, Arch.Biochem.Biophys. 333, 49-58, 1996
- 13. Munday, R., Munday, C.M. and Winterbourn, C.C., Inhibition of copper-catalyzed cysteine oxidation by nanomolar concentrations of iron salts, Free Rad.Biol.Med. 36, 757-764, 2004
- 14. Jansson, P.J., Del Castillo, U., Lindqvist, C., and Nordstrom, T., Effects of iron on vitamin C/copper-induced hydroxyl radical generation in bicarbonate-rich water, Free Rad.Res. 39, 565-570, 2005
- 15. Ramirez, D.C., Mejiba, S.E. and Mason, R.P., Coppercatalyzed protein oxidation and its modulation by carbon dioxide: enhancement of protein radicals in cells, J.Biol.Chem. 280, 27402-27411, 2005
- 16. Tadolini, B., Iron autoxidation in Mops and Hepes buffers, Free Radic.Res.Commun. 4, 149-160, 1987
- 17. Simpson, J.A., Cheeseman, K.H., Smith, S.E., and Dean, R.T., Free-radical generation by copper ions and hydrogen peroxide. Stimulation by Hepes buffer, Biochem.J. 254, 519-523, 1988
- 18. Sokolowska, M. and Bal, W., Cu(II) complexation by "non-coordinating" N-2-hydroxyethylpiperazine-N'-enthanesulfonic acid (HEPES buffer), J.Inorgan.Biochem. 99, 1653-1660, 2005
- 19. Bowman, C.M., Berger, E.M., Butler, E.N. et al., HEPES may stimulate cultured endothelial-cells to make growth-retarding oxygen metabolites, In Vitro Cell.Devel.Biol. 21, 140-142, 1985
- 20. Magonet, E., Briffeuil, E., Polimay, Y., and Ronveaux, M.F., Adverse-effects of HEPES on human-endothelial cells in culture, Anticancer Res. 7, 901, 1987
- 21. Mash, H.E., Chin, Y.P., Sigg, L., et al., Complexation of copper by zwitterionic aminosulfonic (Good) buffers, Anal.Chem. 75, 671-677, 2003
- 22. Altura, B.M., Carella, A., and Altura, B.T., Adverse effects of Tris, HEPES, and MOPS buffers on contractile responses of arterial and venous smooth muscle induced by prostaglandins, Prostaglandins Med. 5, 123-130, 1980
- 23. Tadolini, B., and Sechi, A.M., Iron oxidation in Mops

- and Hepes buffers, Free Radic.Res.Commun. 4, 149-160, 1987
- 24. Schmidt, K., Pfeiffer, S., and Meyer, B., Reaction of peroxynitrite with HEPES or MOPS results in the formation of nitric oxide donors, Free Radic.Biol.Med. 24, 859-862, 1998
- 25. Zhao, G. and Chasteen, J.D., Oxidation of Good's buffers by hydrogen peroxide, Anal.Biochem. 349, 262-267, 2006
- 26. Dudley, K.H. and Bius, D.L., Buffer catalysis of the racemization reaction of some 5-phenylhydantoins and its relation to in vivo metabolism of ethotoin, Drug.Metab.Dispos. 4, 340-348, 1976
- 27. Lazarus, R.A., Chemical racemization of 5-benzylhydantoin, J.Org.Chem. 55, 4755-4757, 1990
- 28. Moore, S.A., Kingston, R.L., Loomes, K.M., et al., The structure of truncated recombinant human bile salt-stimulated lipase reveals bile salt-independent conformational flexibility at the active-site loop and provides insight into heparin binding, J.Mol.Biol. 312, 511-523, 2001
- 29. Schmidt, J., Mangold, C., and Deitmer, J., Membrane responses evoked by organic buffers in identified leech neurones, J.Exp.Biol. 199, 327-335, 1996
- 30. Robinson, J.D. and Davis, R.L., Buffer, pH, and ionic strength effects on the (Na+ + K+)-ATPase, Biochim.Biophys.Acta 912, 343-347, 1987
- 31. Poole, C.A., Reilly, H.C., and Flint, M.H., The adverse effects of HEPES, TES, and BES zwitterionic buffers on the ultrastructure of cultured chick embryo epiphyseal chondrocytes, In Vitro 18, 755-765, 1982
- 32. Pogány, G., Hernandez, D.J., and Vogel, K.G., The in Vitro interaction of proteoglycans with type I collagen is modulated by phosphate, Archs.Biochem.Biophys. 313, 102-111, 1994
- 33. Grande, H.J. and Van der Ploeg, K.R., Tricine radicals as formed in the presence of peroxide producing enzymes, FEBS Lett. 95, 352-356. 1978
- 34. Oliver, R.W. and Viswanatha, T., Reaction of tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane with cinnamoyl imidazole and cinnamoyltrypsin, Biochim.Biophys.Acta 156, 422-425, 1968

- 35. Ray, T., Mills, A., and Dyson, P., Tris-dependent oxidative DNA strand scission during electrophoresis, Electrophoresis 16, 888-894, 1995
- 36. Qi, Z., Li, X., Sun, D., et al., Effect of Tris on catalytic activity of MP-11, Bioelectrochemistry 68, 40-47, 2006

References

- 1. Lubman, R.L. and Crandall, E.D., Regulation of intracellular pH in alveolar epithelial cells, Amer.J.Physiol. 262, L1-L14, 1992
- 2. Lyall, V. and Biber, T.O.L., Potential-induced changes in intracellular pH, Amer.J.Physiol. 266, F685-F696, 1994
 3. Palmer, L.G., Intracellular pH as a regulator of Na+transport, J.Membrane Biol. 184, 305-311, 2001
 4. Vaughn-Jones, R.D. and Spitzer, K.W., Role of bicarbonate in the regulation of intracellular pH in the mammalian ventricular myocyte, Biochem.Cell Biol. 80, 579-596, 2002
- 5. Henschler, D., Trispuffer(TAHM) als therapeuticum, Deutsch.Med.Wochenschr. 88, 1328-1331, 1963 6. Nahas, G.G., Sutin, K.M., Fermon, C., et al, Guidelines for the treatment of academia with THAM, Drugs 55, 191-224, 1998
- 7. Rehm, M. and Finsterer, U., Treating intraoperative hypercholoremic acidosis with sodium bicarbonate or trishydroxymethyl amino methane, Anesthes. Analg. 96, 1201-1208, 2003
- 8. Kashket, E.R. and Wong, P.T., The intracellular pH of Escherichia coli, Biochim.Biophys.Acta 193, 212-214, 1969 9. Padan, E. and Schuldiner, S., Intracellular pH regulation in bacterial cells, Methods Enzymol. 125, 327-352, 1986 10. Booth, I.R., The regulation of intracellular pH in bacteria, Novartis Found.Symp. 221, 19-28. 1999 11. Montiony, C. and Champeil, P. Use of metallochromatic
- 11. Montigny, C. and Champeil, P., Use of metallochromatic dyes and potentiomeric pH-meter titration to detect binding of divalent cations to "Good's" buffers: 4-morpholinepropanesulfonic acid (Mops) does not bind Mg2+, Analyt.Biochem. 366, 96-98, 2007
- 12. James, G.T., Inactivation of the protease inhibitor phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride in buffers, Anal.Biochem. 86, 574-579, 1978
- 13. Acharya, A.S., Roy, R.P., and Dorai, B., Aldimine to ketoamine isomerization (Amadori rearrangement) potential at the individual nonenzymic glycation sites of hemoglobin A: preferential inhibition of glycation by nucleophiles at sites of low isomerization potential, J.Protein Chem. 10, 345-358, 1991
- 14. Mattson, A., Boutelje, J., Csoregh, I., et al., Enhanced stereoselectivity in pig liver esterase catalyzed diester hydrolysis. The role of a competitive inhibitor, Bioorg.Med.Chem. 2, 501-508, 1994
- 15. Tomida, H. and Schwartz, M.A., Further studies on the catalysis of hydrolysis and aminolysis of benzylpenicillin by metal chelates, J.Pharm.Sci. 72, 331-335, 1983
- 16. Stinson, R.A., Kinetic parameters for the cleaved substrate, and enzyme and substrate stability, vary with the phosphoacceptor in alkaline phosphatase catalysis, Clin.Chem. 39, 2293-2297, 1993
- 17. Kaushal, V. and Barnes, L.D., Effect of zwitterionic buffers on measurement of small masses of protein with bicinchoninic acid, Anal.Biochem. 157, 291-294, 1986
 18. Lleu, P.L. and Rebel, G., Interference of Good's buffers other biological buffersr with protein determination, Anal.Biochem. 192, 215-218, 1991
- 19. Sapan, C.V., Lundblad, R.L., and Price, N.C.,

Colorimetric	protein	assay	techniques,
--------------	---------	-------	-------------

Biotechnol.Appl.Biochem. 29, 99-108, 1999

Author Information

Roger L. Lundblad