Lymphocyte - Neutrophil Ratio On Recent Cases of Bird Flu infection in Thailand and Vietnam

V Wiwanitkit

Citation

Abstract

Bird flu or avian flu, caused by the H5N1 virus, is an emerging infectious disease. There has been worldwide situation regarding avian influenza infections in poultry since 1997. It is noted that this H5N1 virus jumped the species barrier and caused severe diseases with high mortality in humans in Vietnam and Thailand. Most infected cases usually developed progressive pneumonia with acute respiratory distress syndrome and consequently died. The immunohematological aspect of this viral infection has not been well documented. Here, the author performed this mini-study in order to document the impact of bird flu infection on level of lymphocyte – neutrophil ratio among reported Thai and Vietnamese patients. A literature review regarding human bird flu in Thailand and Vietnam was performed using the database of published work cited in Index Medicus and the Science Citation Index, and also published work from 256 local Thai journals, which are not included in the international citation index. Reports with lack of complete data were excluded from further analysis.

According to this review, there were 7 reports \[1,2,3,4,5,6,7\] covering 22 Thai and Vietnamese patients with a firm diagnosis of bird flu. The reported lymphocyte – neutrophil ratios ranged from 1:11.5 to 1:0.34 with an average value equals to 1:1.52 ± 1: 1.56 (median = 1:2.2). Of interest, the reported ratios varied, implying variability in cellular response to infection. Generally, viral infection usually induced increased lymphocyte – neutrophil ratios. However, some viral infections such as human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) directly attack the lymphocytes and cause decreased lymphocyte – neutrophil ratios. Concerning the average and mean of reported lymphocyte – neutrophil ratios in bird flu cases, the trend of normal to increased ratio can be seen.

CORRESPONDENCE TO
Viroj Wiwanitkit, M.D. Department of Laboratory Medicine, Faculty of Medicine, Chulalongkorn University, Bangkok Thailand 10330 Email: vwiroj@yahoo.com

References
6. Apisarnthanarak D. FIC Article Center, Atypical avian influenza (H5N1). Available at http://www.flu.org.cn
Author Information

Viroj Wiwanitkit
Department of Laboratory Medicine, Faculty of Medicine, Chulalongkorn University